LEGACY PRECEPTORIAL

An Introduction to the Uses and Benefits of a Legacy Gift to Knox College

KNOX COLLEGE

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Welcome to *Legacy Preceptorial*, your introduction to the uses and benefits of a legacy gift to Knox College.

What is a “legacy” gift?

People familiar with philanthropy often use the term “planned giving” when speaking of the types of gifts outlined in this document. These gifts certainly require a good deal of planning and consideration—it is typically more complex than a simple contribution made by a personal check or credit card. In that sense, it is appropriate to refer to this type of activity as “planned giving.” But while the use of the term “planned giving” is accurate given the detailed nature of these gifts, it does not capture a key dimension of these types of gifts—sentiment. Certainly the financial benefits of giving to Knox College are important to donors and quite attractive in their own right. But if financial benefits were the sole motivation for making a gift of this type, Knox wouldn’t stand apart from any other philanthropic organization.

A legacy gift, then, is a planned gift that is created not solely for its financial benefits; it also allows the donor the unique opportunity to add a personal story to the Knox community. Whether the story is in memory of a loved one, honors a family name or a favorite mentor, or is a remembrance of a special time, a legacy gift is an ideal way to connect the past, present and future of Knox College.

Some donors might shy away from the thought of leaving a legacy, thinking it too boastful or too showy. In those cases, a legacy gift can help perpetuate not an individual legacy but the legacy of Knox College itself. The College has a rich history that rivals some of the finest educational institutions in America and is the source of pride for many who have been a part of it. A legacy gift to Knox College helps ensure that its greatest qualities touch future generations of students.

Why *Legacy Preceptorial*?

Since 1976, every student attending Knox College has been introduced to the fundamentals of a liberal arts education through their participation in the required course, Freshman – or First Year – Preceptorial (FP). As many alumni will recall, FP hones the critical thinking skills of students through the examination and discussion of broad topics and issues. This enables students to make informed, reasoned conclusions on various matters throughout their academic careers and beyond.

In keeping with this Knox tradition, *Legacy Preceptorial* is designed to give Knox College donors the opportunity to examine the basic information on the different types of legacy gift options available to them. Once you have that information, you can make informed decisions about your philanthropic goals and establish the type of legacy gift that benefits you and Knox College now and in the future.

As you read *Legacy Preceptorial*, treat it as you would a textbook—underline key points, highlight meaningful passages, make notes in the margin, write down questions for later. The more involved you are in learning about the material, the more effective your choices will be in making concerning your legacy gift.
STARTING WITH A PLANNED GIFT

What is a "planned" gift?

- A gift that combines your personal, financial, and estate planning goals with your lifetime or testamentary philanthropy goals.
- An opportunity to realize additional tangible benefits of charitable giving such as lifetime income, asset conversion and family protection.

How does a Planned Gift differ from an Annual Gift?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PLANNED GIFT</th>
<th>ANNUAL GIFT</th>
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<tr>
<td>Lesser known way to give</td>
<td>Traditional way to give</td>
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<td>Usually a one-time event</td>
<td>Recurring request for gift</td>
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<td>Can range from simple to complex</td>
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<td>Can be a current or deferred gift</td>
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<td>Flexible gift plan design</td>
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<td>Many uses and benefits</td>
<td>Limited uses and benefits</td>
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<td>Gift serves the needs of Donor as well as the Institution</td>
<td>Gift serves the needs of the Institution</td>
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Common Types of Planned Gifts

- Bequest
- Charitable Gift Annuity (CGA)
- Charitable Remainder Trust (CRT)
- Charitable Lead Trust (CLT)
- Life Estate Reserved (Gift of Remainder)
- Bargain Sale

BEQUEST

A bequest is a gift made to Knox College at the time of the donor's death through the use of an estate planning document such as a will or a trust. This is the most straight-forward type of planned gift and one of the easiest to implement.

The Need

Many people desire to help Knox College but are unable to donate property to the College while they are alive. For example, you may have property, such as an investment account or a house or vacation home, that is needed during your life to cover living expenses or that you want to continue using.
A Solution
A donor can retain ownership and use of property during their lifetime and still benefit Knox College by leaving the property to the College upon their death.

The Benefits
- Gift to Knox—Knox College receives cash or property to be used to advance the mission of providing a world-class liberal arts education.
- Estate Tax deduction—The amount given to Knox College is not subject to federal estate tax or state estate/inheritance tax. Your estate gets a deduction for the amount or value of the property left to Knox College and can actually reduce your potential death tax liability to ZERO!
- Preserves lifetime flexibility—You are able to use and control property during your lifetime.

The Details
You can leave property to Knox College by including a bequest in your will or trust or in the case of property that passes by beneficiary designation (such as individual retirement accounts or a life insurance policy) by designating Knox College as the beneficiary.

Suggested Provisions to Include in a Will or Trust

1. Unrestricted Bequest of Cash
   “I give to Knox College, a non-profit organization located in Galesburg, Illinois, the sum of $____________, to be used as determined by the Board of Trustees of Knox College to be in the best interests of the College.”

2. Bequest of Cash with Restriction (e.g., a purpose)
   “I give to Knox College, a non-profit organization located in Galesburg, Illinois, the sum of $____________, to be used for the purpose of [insert restriction].”

   Please note: If you would like to consider the establishment of a scholarship fund or any other type of restricted use fund with the proceeds from your bequest, we would be glad to develop a non-binding fund description agreement for you prior to the completion of your estate planning document that details the use and application of the distributions from the fund you wish to establish.

3. Unrestricted Bequest of Balance of Estate
   “I give to Knox College, a non-profit organization located in Galesburg, Illinois, the rest, residue and remainder of my estate, both personal and real, wherever located at the time of my death, to be used as determined by the Board of Trustees of Knox College to be in the best interest of the College.”

4. Bequest of Balance of Estate with Restriction (e.g., a purpose)
   “I give to Knox College, a non-profit organization located in Galesburg, Illinois, the rest, residue and remainder of my estate, both personal and real, wherever located at the time of my death, to be used for the purpose of [insert restriction].”
5. Bequest of Real Estate
“I give to Knox College, a non-profit organization located in Galesburg, Illinois, the following parcel(s) of real estate located in [Name] County, [State] and legally described as follows:

[LEGAL DESCRIPTION(S) HERE]

Suggested Language for Beneficiary Designation
“Knox College, a non-profit organization located in Galesburg, Illinois, the amount of $____________ or _________%”

CHARITABLE GIFT ANNUITY (CGA)

In exchange for a gift of cash or property, Knox College agrees to make fixed, equal payments for life.

The Need
A donor wants to make a gift to Knox College but needs regular interest payments to supplement income.

A Solution
Donor and Knox College enter into a charitable gift annuity agreement.

The Benefits
- Fixed payments for life— a gift annuity contract provides fixed payments to one or two individuals for life
- Partly Tax-Free Payments— a portion of each gift annuity payment to the donor is tax-free (i.e., not subject to income tax)
- Rates by Age— annual gift annuity payouts are based on donor’s age (rates are usually higher than prevailing interest rates on certificates of deposit and are even higher for older donors)
- Tax deduction— the donor receives a current federal income tax deduction for a portion of the cash or property used in making the gift to Knox College.

Who Benefits?
Knox College alumni and friends who desire fixed payments for life, or who have cash (e.g., certificates of deposit or money market accounts) or appreciated property (stocks, real estate) that produces little or no income.

The Details
A charitable gift annuity (CGA) is a contract between a donor and Knox College.

1. Duration
A donor gives cash or appreciated property to Knox College. In exchange, the College makes fixed payments for the lifetimes of one or two individuals.
2. **Payout Rate**
Gift annuity payments are not dependent upon the investment rate of return earned by Knox College; instead, the payments are based on a rate schedule. Like many charities, Knox College uses a rate schedule set by the American Council on Gift Annuities ("ACGA"). Under the ACGA's rate schedule, the older a person receiving the gift annuity payments, the higher the fixed rate.

3. **Taxation of Payments**
A pre-determined portion of each gift annuity payment is **tax-free** and the remaining amount of each payment is taxable (at either ordinary and/or capital gain rates).

4. **Timing**
A gift annuity contract can begin making payments immediately (a “current gift annuity”) or defer payments for at least one year (a “deferred gift annuity”).

**CHARITABLE REMAINDER TRUST (CRT)**

A trust that receives cash or property from a donor, makes payments of income to one or more individuals during their lifetimes or for a term of years and then distributes the remaining cash or property to Knox College.

**The Need**
A donor wants to turn appreciated property that produces little or no income into a productive asset without paying capital gains tax on the sale of the property.

**A Solution**
A donor contributes the appreciated property to a charitable remainder trust that will sell the property tax-free and then make payments to the donor or other named individual(s) for life or for a term of years.

**The Benefits**
- **Bypass gain**—trust sells property tax-free
- **Increased Income**—trust pays a percentage of its value to the trust beneficiary
- **Charitable Tax deduction**—donor receives a current federal income tax deduction

**Who Benefits?**
Knox College alumni and friends with cash or appreciated property of significant value who want increased income.

**The Details**
The College’s or donor's attorney drafts a charitable remainder trust, also known as a CRT. Once the CRT is created, the donor transfers cash or appreciated property to the CRT. The CRT is a **tax-exempt trust** that can sell the appreciated property without paying capital gains tax.

1. **Duration**
A CRT can last for the lifetimes of one or more beneficiaries or for a specific term of years.
2. Annuity v. Unitrust Payout
Each year, a CRT pays either an annuity amount or unitrust amount to its beneficiaries. A charitable remainder annuity trust (CRAT) pays a fixed dollar amount each year. By contrast, a charitable remainder unitrust (CRUT) pays a different amount each year in most cases; this amount is equal to a fixed percentage of the trust value at the beginning of the year in which the payment is made.

3. Taxation of Payouts
CRT payouts are taxed to the beneficiary as ordinary income, capital gain, tax-free income and/or return of principal (the initial money or property contributed to the trust). Most CRT payouts are taxed to the beneficiary as ordinary income and/or capital gain. It is rare for a CRT beneficiary to receive tax-free income or return of principal.

4. Payout Flexibility
An annuity trust, or CRAT, offers no flexibility in determining the payout amount after the donor selects what the initial payout amount will be. For example, a CRAT establishing a 6% payout on an initial funding amount of $100,000 will payout $6,000 per year for the term of the trust. A fixed percentage of the initial CRT value must be distributed each year. A unitrust, or CRUT, on the other hand, offers four flexible payout options. A standard CRUT pays a fixed percentage of the trust value at the beginning of the year in which the payment is made. A net income trust (NICRUT) pays the lesser of the trust’s net income for the year or the standard payout amount. A net income with makeup trust (NIMCRUT) is like a NICRUT but, in some cases, can make additional distributions. Finally, a FLIP trust pays like a NIMCRUT until a certain date or event and then “flips” to pay like a standard CRUT.

CHARITABLE LEAD TRUST (CLT)
A trust that receives cash or property from a donor, makes payments to Knox College for a specified period and, at the end of the period, distributes the trust property to a specified beneficiary, usually family.

The Need
A donor wants to give property to his family and pay as little gift or estate tax as possible.

A Solution
A donor contributes property to a trust that will make distributions to Knox College for a specified term and ultimately distribute the property to the donor’s family.

The Benefits
- Pass appreciation to family—donor gives property to a lead trust and that property plus growth passes to his or her family with no additional tax.
- Gift or estate tax deduction—donor receives a current federal gift or estate tax deduction for the present value of the payments that will go to Knox College.
Who Benefits?
Knox College alumni and friends who want to pass specific property that is expected to grow substantially to family at low gift or estate tax cost. A lead trust is ideal for persons with estates of three million or more.

The Details
An attorney drafts a charitable lead trust (CLT). Once the CLT is created, the donor transfers cash or property to the CLT. Unlike a CRT, a CLT is a taxable trust. Every year of the trust term, the CLT will report its income and then take a deduction for the amount that it distributes to Knox College; any excess is subject to tax.

1. Duration
A CLT can last for the lifetimes of one or more beneficiaries or for a specific term of years.

2. Annuity v. Unitrust Payout
Each year, a CLT pays either an annuity amount or unitrust amount to Knox College. A charitable lead annuity trust (CLAT) pays a fixed dollar amount to the College each year. By contrast, in most cases a charitable lead unitrust (CLUT) pays a different amount each year to Knox College; this amount is equal to a fixed percentage of the trust value at the beginning of the year in which the payment is made.

3. Lead Trust Types
There are two basic types of CLTs: a family CLT and a grantor CLT. A family CLT, described above, receives property and, ultimately, distributes it to someone other than the donor. No income tax deduction is available to a donor who creates a CLT. A grantor CLT, not described above, receives property and, ultimately, returns it to the donor. The donor gets an income tax deduction when he creates the trust. When the trust calculates its income each year; however, the donor has to report this income on his or her personal income tax return even though he or she did not receive any of the income. The benefit of a grantor CLT is a large current income tax deduction which can offset a donor’s high income in the year the trust is created.

LIFE ESTATE RESERVED
Knox College accepts a gift of real property—either a personal residence or farm—and the donor retains the right to use the property for his or her lifetime.

The Need
A person may desire to leave his or her house or farm to Knox College at death but would like a current tax benefit.

A Solution
Donors can deed a house or farm to Knox College but keep the right to use the house or farm for their remaining lifetime.

The Benefits
- Tax deduction—donor receives a current federal income tax deduction for the remainder value of the home or farm
- Preserves lifetime use—donor is able to use and control home or farm while alive
Who Benefits?
Knox College alumni and friends who have enough liquid assets available for living expenses and who desire a current income tax deduction.

The Details
A donor executes a deed transferring a house or farm to Knox College. In the deed, the donor retains a “life estate,” which is the right to live in the home and use it for life. At the time of the gift, the donor and Knox College also enter into a “MIT,” a maintenance, insurance and taxes agreement specifying the donor’s responsibilities with respect to the home—including the payment of maintenance, insurance and taxes.

Bargain Sale
Knox College purchases property for less than fair market value or accepts a gift of mortgaged property.

The Need
Many people desire to benefit Knox College but cannot afford to give an entire property to the College.

A Solution
Knox College can buy the property at a bargain price.

The Benefits
• Immediate benefit to donor—donor gets cash payment and relief from managing the property.
• Bypass gain—donor avoids gain on the part of the property that is a gift.
• Tax deduction—donor receives a current federal income tax deduction for the part of the property given to Knox College.

Who Benefits?
Knox College alumni and friends who own appreciated property and want to benefit Knox College, but who need a benefit in return (e.g., cash or management relief).

The Details
A bargain sale works just like any other sale except that the sale price is a bargain (less than the property is worth). A donor sells the property to Knox College and receives a cash payment. The donor gets the cash he needs, and Knox College gets a valuable property for less than full price. The difference between the sale price and the appraised value of the property is a gift to the Knox College.